# **Buckinghamshire and Milton Keynes Fire Authority**

Year ending 31 March 2016

Audit Plan

25 February 2016

Ernst & Young LLP







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26 February 2016

Overview and Audit Committee Buckinghamshire and Milton Keynes Fire Authority Brigade Headquarters Stocklake Aylesbury Buckinghamshire HP20 1BD

Dear Committee Members

# Audit Plan

We are pleased to attach our Audit Plan which sets out how we intend to carry out our responsibilities as auditor. Its purpose is to provide the Overview and Audit Committee with a basis to review our proposed audit approach and scope for the 2015/16 audit in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, the National Audit Office's 2015 Code of Audit Practice, the Statement of Responsibilities issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) Ltd, auditing standards and other professional requirements. It is also to ensure that our audit is aligned with the Committee's service expectations.

This plan summarises our initial assessment of the key risks driving the development of an effective audit for the Authority, and outlines our planned audit strategy in response to those risks

We welcome the opportunity to discuss this Audit Plan with you on 09 March 2016 and to understand whether there are other matters which you consider may influence our audit.

Yours faithfully

Paul King For and behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Enc

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In April 2015 Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies 2015-16'. It is available from the Chief Executive of each audited body and via the PSAA website (www.psaa.co.uk)

The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The 'Terms of Appointment from 1 April 2015' issued by PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and statute, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This Audit Plan is prepared in the context of the Statement of responsibilities. It is addressed to the Audit Committee, and is prepared for the sole use of the audited body. We, as appointed auditor, take no responsibility to any third party.

Our Complaints Procedure – If at any time you would like to discuss with us how our service to you could be improved, or if you are dissatisfied with the service you are receiving, you may take the issue up with your usual partner or director contact. If you prefer an alternative route, please contact Steve Varley, our Managing Partner, 1 More London Place, London SE1 2AF. We undertake to look into any complaint carefully and promptly and to do all we can to explain the position to you. Should you remain dissatisfied with any aspect of our service, you may of course take matters up with our professional institute. We can provide further information on how you may contact our professional institute.

# 1. Overview

This Audit Plan covers the work that we plan to perform to provide you with:

- Our audit opinion on whether the financial statements of Buckinghamshire and Milton Keynes Fire Authority give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 March 2016 and of the income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- Our conclusion on the Authority's arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness;

We will also review and report to the National Audit Office (NAO), to the extent and in the form required by them, on the Authority's Whole of Government Accounts return.

Our audit will also include the mandatory procedures that we are required to perform in accordance with applicable laws and auditing standards.

When planning the audit we take into account several key inputs:

- Strategic, operational and financial risks relevant to the financial statements;
- Developments in financial reporting and auditing standards;
- ► The quality of systems and processes;
- ► Changes in the business and regulatory environment; and,
- Management's views on all of the above.

By considering these inputs, our audit is focused on the areas that matter and our feedback is more likely to be relevant to the Authority.

We will provide an update to the Overview and Audit Committee on the results of our work in these areas in our report to those charged with governance scheduled for delivery in July 2016.

#### **Financial statement risks** 2.

We outline below our current assessment of the financial statement risks facing the Authority identified through our knowledge of the Authority's operations and discussion with those charged with governance and officers.

At our meeting, we will seek to validate these with you.

Significant risks (including fraud risks)	Our audit approach				
Joint Control Room					
The Joint Control Room (with Oxfordshire Fire and Rescue Service and Royal Berkshire Fire Authority) became operational in April 2015. This will be the first year that this will need to be disclosed within the financial statements and there is a risk that this will not be accounted for correctly. In particular the disclosures made and ensuring that the correct split of costs is used.	<ul> <li>We will:</li> <li>Review the agreements in place between the three bodies</li> <li>Review associated disclosures made within the financial statements to ensure compliance with the Code of Practice on Local Government Accounting, and appropriate accounting standards.</li> <li>Test a sample of income and expenditure related to the Joint Control Room and ensure that it has been appropriately recharged to the Authority</li> </ul>				
Milne vs GAD					
In May 2015 the Pension Ombudsman, an independent organisation that investigates complaints about pension administration, published Mr Milne's determination for Firefighters' Pension Scheme regarding commutation factors. The Pension Ombudsman ruled that Government Actuary's Department (GAD) failed to review commutation factors within the firefighters' pension scheme. The Ombudsman ordered that a new commutation factor be prepared as if a factor review had been carried out in December 2004. The Authority has determined the additional payments required. The sum of these payments is estimated to be £484k which is material to the Pension Fund.	<ul> <li>We will:</li> <li>Review and test the Authority's arrangements for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of compensation.</li> <li>Re-perform the calculation of compensation for a sample of payments, including assessment of the accuracy of inputs</li> <li>Review the associated disclosures in the financial statements to ensure compliance with the Code of Practice on Local Government Accounting, and appropriate accounting standards.</li> </ul>				
Risk of management override					
As identified in ISA (UK and Ireland) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.	<ul> <li>We will:</li> <li>Test the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements</li> <li>Review accounting estimates for evidence of management bias, and</li> <li>Evaluate the business rationale for significant unusual transactions</li> </ul>				

Evaluate the business rationale for ► significant unusual transactions

# 2.1 Responsibilities in respect of fraud and error

We would like to take this opportunity to remind you that management has the primary responsibility to prevent and detect fraud. It is important that management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, has a culture of ethical behaviour and a strong control environment that both deters and prevents fraud.

Our responsibility is to plan and perform audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatements whether caused by error or fraud. As auditors, we approach each engagement with a questioning mind that accepts the possibility that a material misstatement due to fraud could occur, and design the appropriate procedures to consider such risk.

Based on the requirements of auditing standards our approach will focus on:

- Identifying fraud risks during the planning stages;
- Enquiry of management about risks of fraud and the controls to address those risks;
- Understanding the oversight given by those charged with governance of management's processes over fraud;
- Consideration of the effectiveness of management's controls designed to address the risk of fraud;
- ► Determining an appropriate strategy to address any identified risks of fraud, and,
- ► Performing mandatory procedures regardless of specifically identified risks.

# 3. Value for money risks

We are required to consider whether the Authority has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources. For 2015-16 this is based on the overall evaluation criterion:

"In all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people"

Proper arrangements are defined by statutory guidance issued by the National Audit Office. They comprise your arrangements to:

- Take informed decisions;
- Deploy resources in a sustainable manner; and
- Work with partners and other third parties.

In considering your proper arrangements, we will draw on the requirements of the CIPFA/SOLACE framework for local government to ensure that our assessment is made against a framework that you are already required to have in place and to report on through documents such as your annual governance statement.

We are only required to determine whether there are any risks that we consider significant, which the Code of Audit Practice which defines as:

"A matter is significant if, in the auditor's professional view, it is reasonable to conclude that the matter would be of interest to the audited body or the wider public"

Our risk assessment supports the planning of sufficient work to enable us to deliver a safe conclusion on arrangements to secure value for money and enables us to determine the nature and extent of further work that may be required. If we do not identify any significant risks there is no requirement to carry out further work.

Our risk assessment has therefore considered both the potential financial impact of the issues we have identified, and also the likelihood that the issue will be of interest to local taxpayers, the Government and other stakeholders. This has resulted in the following significant VFM risk which we view as relevant to our value for money conclusion:

Significant value for money risks

Our audit approach

The Authority will not be able to plan its finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions.

The Authority continues to face financial challenges with a cumulative budget gap, on the current medium term financial plan, of £2.6 million in 2018/19.

The medium term financial plan sets out the Authority's strategic approach for closing the budget gap and key deliverables that are critical to the future financial sustainability of the Authority.

Continued reductions in government grants is one of the key drivers of the need for significant savings. The Authority continues to seek alternative solutions to ensure that local services can be maintained and supported in the future, in line with local need. Our approach will focus on:

- use of PSAA's value for money profile tool to assess Authority's spending against similar Fire Authorities; and
- review and assess the assumptions within the Authority's 2016/17 budget and medium term financial plan.

# 4. Our audit process and strategy

## 4.1 Objective and scope of our audit

Under the Code of Audit Practice our principal objectives are to review and report on the Authority's:

- ► Financial statements
- Arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources to the extent required by the relevant legislation and the requirements of the Code.

We issue an audit report that covers:

#### 1. Financial statement audit

Our objective is to form an opinion on the financial statements under International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you by exception in respect of your governance statement and other accompanying material as required, in accordance with relevant guidance prepared by the NAO on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General.

Alongside our audit report, we also:

Review and report to the NAO on the Whole of Government Accounts return to the extent and in the form they require.

# 2. Arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness (value for money)

We are required to consider whether the Authority has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources.

#### 4.2 Audit process overview

We plan to take a substantive approach to gaining assurance over the amounts reported in the Authority's financial statements.

#### Analytics

We will use our computer-based analytics tools [tailor as appropriate] to enable us to capture whole populations of your financial data, in particular journal entries. These tools:

- Help identify specific exceptions and anomalies which can then be subject to more traditional substantive audit tests
- Give greater likelihood of identifying errors than random sampling techniques.

We will report the findings from our process and analytics work, including any significant weaknesses or inefficiencies identified and recommendations for improvement, to management and the Overview and Audit Committee.

#### Internal audit

As in prior years, we will review internal audit plans and the results of their work to support our understanding of the control environment and assessment of inherent risk.

#### Use of specialists

When auditing key judgements, we are often required to rely on the input and advice provided by specialists who have qualifications and expertise not possessed by the core audit team. The areas where either EY or third party specialists provide input for the current year audit are:

Area	Specialists
Asset Valuations	Bruton Knowles
Pension Liability Valuations	EY Pensions and Barnett Waddingham

In accordance with Auditing Standards, we will evaluate each specialist's professional competence and objectivity, considering their qualifications, experience and available resources, together with the independence of the individuals performing the work.

We also consider the work performed by the specialist in light of our knowledge of the Authority's environment and processes and our assessment of audit risk in the particular area. For example, we would typically perform the following procedures:

- Analyse source data and make inquiries as to the procedures used by the expert to establish whether the source date is relevant and reliable;
- Assess the reasonableness of the assumptions and methods used;
- Consider the appropriateness of the timing of when the specialist carried out the work; and
- Assess whether the substance of the specialist's findings are properly reflected in the financial statements.

# 4.3 Mandatory audit procedures required by auditing standards and the Code

As well as the financial statement risks (section two) and value for money risks (section three), we must perform other procedures as required by auditing, ethical and independence standards, the Code and other regulations. We outline below the procedures we will undertake during the course of our audit.

#### Procedures required by standards

- Addressing the risk of fraud and error;
- Significant disclosures included in the financial statements;
- Entity-wide controls;
- Reading other information contained in the financial statements and reporting whether it is inconsistent with our understanding and the financial statements;
- Auditor independence.

#### Procedures required by the Code

- Reviewing, and reporting on as appropriate, other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance Statement.
- Reviewing and reporting on the Whole of Government Accounts return, in line with the instructions issued by the NAO.

Finally, we are also required to discharge our statutory duties and responsibilities as established by the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

# 4.4 Materiality

For the purposes of determining whether the financial statements are free from material error, we define materiality as the magnitude of an omission or misstatement that, individually or in aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the users of the financial statements. Our evaluation requires professional judgement and so takes into account qualitative as well as quantitative considerations implied in the definition.

We have determined that overall materiality for the main financial statements of the Authority is £628k based on 2% of gross revenue expenditure and for the pension fund £70k based on 1% of benefits payable.

We will communicate uncorrected audit misstatements greater than £31k for the main financial statements and £3k for the Pension Fund to you.

The amount we consider material at the end of the audit may differ from our initial determination. At this stage, however, it is not feasible to anticipate all the circumstances that might ultimately influence our judgement. At the end of the audit we will form our final opinion by reference to all matters that could be significant to users of the financial statements, including the total effect of any audit misstatements, and our evaluation of materiality at that date.

## 4.5 Fees

The duty to prescribe fees is a statutory function delegated to Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government. PSAA has published a scale fee for all relevant bodies. This is defined as the fee required by auditors to meet statutory responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in accordance with the NAO Code. The indicative fee scale for the audit of Buckinghamshire and Milton Keynes Fire Authority is £31,379.

# 4.6 Your audit team

The engagement team is led by Maria Grindley, who is currently on sabbatical. While she is on sabbatical she will be supported by another Executive Director from our Reading office, Paul King. Both Maria and Paul have significant experience of auditing local government and fire authority clients. Maria and Paul are supported by David Guest who is responsible for the day-to-day direction of audit work and is the key point of contact for the Finance Team.

# 4.7 Timetable of communication, deliverables and insights

We have set out below a timetable showing the key stages of the audit, including the value for money work and the Whole of Government Accounts. The timetable includes the deliverables we have agreed to provide to the Authority through the Overview and Audit Committee's cycle in 2015/16. These dates are determined to ensure our alignment with PSAA's rolling calendar of deadlines.

From time to time matters may arise that require immediate communication with the Overview and Audit Committee and we will discuss them with the Chair as appropriate.

Following the conclusion of our audit we will prepare an Annual Audit Letter to communicate the key issues arising from our work to the Authority and external stakeholders, including members of the public.

Audit phase	Timetable	Overview and Audit Committee timetable	Deliverables
High level planning	April 2015	July 2015	Audit Fee Letter Progress Report
Risk assessment and setting of scopes	November 2015	March 2016	Audit Plan
Year-end audit	June 2016		
Completion of audit	July 2016	July 2016	Report to those charged with governance via the Audit Results Report
			Audit report (including our opinion on the financial statements and overall value for money conclusion).
			Audit completion certificate
			Reporting to the NAO on the Whole of Government Accounts return.
Conclusion of reporting	October 2016	December 2016	Annual Audit Letter

In addition to the above formal reporting and deliverables we will seek to provide practical business insights and updates on regulatory matters.

# 5. Independence

# 5.1 Introduction

The APB Ethical Standards and ISA (UK and Ireland) 260 'Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance', requires us to communicate with you on a timely basis on all significant facts and matters that bear on our independence and objectivity. The Ethical Standards, as revised in December 2010, require that we do this formally both at the planning stage and at the conclusion of the audit, as well as during the audit if appropriate. The aim of these communications is to ensure full and fair disclosure by us to those charged with your governance on matters in which you have an interest.

#### **Required communications**

Planning stage	Final stage			
<ul> <li>The principal threats, if any, to objectivity and independence identified by EY including consideration of all relationships between you, your affiliates and directors and us;</li> <li>The safeguards adopted and the reasons why they are considered to be effective, including any Engagement Quality Review;</li> <li>The overall assessment of threats and safeguards;</li> <li>Information about the general policies and process within EY to maintain objectivity and independence.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A written disclosure of relationships (including the provision of non-audit services) that bear on our objectivity and independence, the threats to our independence that these create, any safeguards that we have put in place and why they address such threats, together with any other information necessary to enable our objectivity and independence to be assessed;</li> <li>Details of non-audit services provided and the fees charged in relation thereto;</li> <li>Written confirmation that we are independent;</li> <li>Details of any inconsistencies between APB Ethical Standards, the PSAA Terms of Appointment and your policy for the supply of non-audit services by EY and any apparent breach of that policy; and</li> <li>An opportunity to discuss auditor independence issues.</li> </ul>			

During the course of the audit we must also communicate with you whenever any significant judgements are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of our safeguards, for example when accepting an engagement to provide non-audit services.

We also provide information on any contingent fee arrangements, the amounts of any future contracted services, and details of any written proposal to provide non-audit services;

We ensure that the total amount of fees that EY and our network firms have charged to you and your affiliates for the provision of services during the reporting period are disclosed, analysed in appropriate categories.

# 5.2 Relationships, services and related threats and safeguards

We highlight the following significant facts and matters that may be reasonably considered to bear upon our objectivity and independence, including any principal threats. However we have adopted the safeguards below to mitigate these threats along with the reasons why they are considered to be effective.

#### Self-interest threats

A self-interest threat arises when EY has financial or other interests in your entity. Examples include where we have an investment in your entity; where we receive significant fees in respect of non-audit services; where we need to recover long outstanding fees; or where we enter into a business relationship with the Authority.

At the time of writing, there are no long outstanding fees.

We believe that it is appropriate for us to undertake permissible non-audit services, and we will comply with the policies that the Authority has approved and that are in compliance with PSAA Terms of Appointment.

At the time of writing, we have not provided any non-audit services, and therefore no additional safeguards required.

A self-interest threat may also arise if members of our audit engagement team have objectives or are rewarded in relation to sales of non-audit services to the Authority. We confirm that no member of our audit engagement team, including those from other service lines, is in this position, in compliance with Ethical Standard 4.

There are no other self-interest threats at the date of this report.

#### Self-review threats

Self-review threats arise when the results of a non-audit service performed by EY or others within the EY network are reflected in the amounts included or disclosed in the financial statements.

There are no other self-review threats at the date of this report.

#### Management threats

Partners and employees of EY are prohibited from taking decisions on behalf of management of your entity. Management threats may also arise during the provision of a non-audit service where management is required to make judgements or decisions based on that work.

There are no management threats at the date of this report.

#### Other threats

Other threats, such as advocacy, familiarity or intimidation, may arise.

There are no other threats at the date of this report.

#### **Overall Assessment**

Overall we consider that the adopted safeguards appropriately mitigate the principal threats identified, and we therefore confirm that EY is independent and the objectivity and independence of Maria Grindley and Paul King, the audit engagement Directors and the audit engagement team have not been compromised.

# 5.3 Other required communications

EY has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained.

Details of the key policies and processes within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report, which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this report is for the year ended June 2015 and can be found here:

http://www.ey.com/UK/en/About-us/EY-UK-Transparency-Report-2015

# Appendix A Fees

#### A breakdown of our agreed fee is shown below.

	Planned Fee 2015/16 £	Scale fee 2015/16 £	Outturn fee 2014/15 £	Explanation
Opinion Audit and VFM Conclusion	31,379	31,379	41,838	

All fees exclude VAT.

The agreed fee presented above is based on the following assumptions:

- Officers meeting the agreed timetable of deliverables;
- ▶ We can rely on the work of internal audit as planned;
- > Our accounts opinion and value for money conclusion being unqualified; and
- ► The Authority has an effective control environment.

If any of the above assumptions prove to be unfounded, we will seek a variation to the agreed fee. This will be discussed with the Authority in advance.

Fees for the auditor's consideration of correspondence from the public and formal objections will be charged in addition to the scale fee.

# Appendix B UK required communications with those charged with governance

There are certain communications that we must provide to the [Audit Committee]. These are detailed here:

Required communication		Re	Reference		
Planning and audit approach Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit including any limitations.		►	Audit Plan		
Sig	nificant findings from the audit	►	Report to those charged with governance		
•	Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures				
►	Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit				
•	Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management				
►	Written representations that we are seeking				
►	Expected modifications to the audit report				
►	Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process				
Mi	sstatements	►	Report to those charged		
►	Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion		with governance		
►	The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods				
►	A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected				
•	In writing, corrected misstatements that are significant				
Fra	aud	•	Report to those charged		
Þ	Enquiries of the Overview and Audit Committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity		with governance		
Þ	Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist				
►	A discussion of any other matters related to fraud				
Re	lated parties	•	Report to those charged with governance		
	nificant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related ties including, when applicable:				
►	Non-disclosure by management				
►	Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions				
►	Disagreement over disclosures				
►	Non-compliance with laws and regulations				
►	Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity				
Ex	ternal confirmations	►	Report to those charged with governance		
►	Management's refusal for us to request confirmations				
►	Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures				
Consideration of laws and regulations			Report to those charged		
•	Audit findings regarding non-compliance where the non-compliance is material and believed to be intentional. This communication is subject to compliance with legislation on tipping off		with governance		
•	Enquiry of the Overview and Audit Committee into possible instances of non- compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Overview and Audit Committee may be aware of				

Required communication		Reference	
Independence	►	Audit Plan	
Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's objectivity and independence	►	Report to those charged with governance	
Communication of key elements of the audit engagement director's consideration of independence and objectivity such as:			
<ul> <li>The principal threats</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>An overall assessment of threats and safeguards</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence</li> </ul>			
Going concern		Report to those charged with governance	
Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including:			
<ul> <li>Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements</li> </ul>			
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit		Report to those charged with governance	
Fee Information	►	Audit Plan	
<ul> <li>Breakdown of fee information at the agreement of the initial audit plan</li> </ul>	►	Report to those charged	
Breakdown of fee information at the completion of the audit		with governance	
	►	Annual Audit Letter	

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